SENATE BILL No. 433

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 13-11-2; IC 13-19-5; IC 13-23-16; IC 13-25-4-8; IC 36-1-7; IC 36-7.

Synopsis: Environmental remediation. Broadens permissible uses of the environmental remediation revolving loan fund. Increases from 10% to 50% the amount of money available in the fund that may be loaned by the Indiana finance authority (authority) to any one political subdivision in a state fiscal year. Requires the authority to undertake activities to make private environmental insurance products available to encourage and facilitate the cleanup and redevelopment of brownfield properties. Allows the authority to provide services to and collect fees from any person in connection with financial assistance, liability clarification, and technical assistance. Requires the deposit of fee revenue in the fund. Allows the authority to enter into agreements with political subdivisions for various purposes related to environmental investigation and remediation. Provides governmental immunity to the authority with respect to investigation and remediation of brownfields under agreements with political subdivisions. Allows redevelopment commissions to enter into agreements with the authority and to carry out environmental investigation and remediation. Provides that no activity of a political subdivision related to investigation or remediation on a brownfield site will be considered to contribute to the contamination at the site unless caused by gross negligence or willful misconduct. Makes technical corrections.

Effective: July 1, 2007.

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January 11, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Energy and Environmental



First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 433

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC	13-11-2-148 IS	S AMENDED	TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECT	ΓIVE JULY 1, 20	07]: Sec. 148. (a	(a) "Operator", for
purposes of IC 13-18	8-10, means the	person in direc	t or responsible
charge or control of o	one (1) or more c	onfined feeding	g operations.

- (b) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-18-11 and environmental management laws, means the person in direct or responsible charge and supervising the operation of:
 - (1) a water treatment plant;
 - (2) a wastewater treatment plant; or
 - (3) a water distribution system.
- (c) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-20-6, means a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, a business association, a unit, or an individual who is a sole proprietor that is one (1) of the following:
 - (1) A broker.
 - (2) A person who manages the activities of a transfer station that receives municipal waste.
- (3) A transporter.

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1	(d) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-23, except as provided in	
2	subsection (e), means a person:	
3	(1) in control of; or	
4	(2) having responsibility for;	
5	the daily operation of an underground storage tank.	
6	(e) "Operator", for purposes of IC 13-23-13, does not include the	
7	following:	
8	(1) A person who:	
9	(A) does not participate in the management of an underground	
10	storage tank;	
11	(B) is otherwise not engaged in the:	
12	(i) production;	
13	(ii) refining; and	
14	(iii) marketing;	
15	of regulated substances; and	
16	(C) holds evidence of ownership, primarily to protect the	
17	owner's security interest in the tank.	
18	(2) A person who:	
19	(A) does not own or lease, directly or indirectly, the facility or	
20	business at which the underground storage tank is located;	
21	(B) does not participate in the management of the facility or	
22	business described in clause (A); and	0
23	(C) is engaged only in:	
24	(i) filling;	
25	(ii) gauging; or	
26	(iii) filling and gauging;	
27	the product level in the course of delivering fuel to an	
28	underground storage tank.	V
29	(3) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit	
30	of federal or state government that:	
31	(A) acquires ownership or control of an underground	
32	storage tank on a brownfield because of:	
33	(i) bankruptcy;	
34	(ii) foreclosure;	
35	(iii) tax delinquency, including an acquisition under	
36	IC 6-1.1-24 or IC 6-1.1-25;	
37	(iv) abandonment;	
38	(v) the exercise of eminent domain, including any	
39	purchase of property once an offer to purchase has been	
40	tendered under IC 32-24-1-5;	
41	(vi) receivership;	
12	(viii) transfer from another political subdivision or unit	



1	of federal or state government;
2	(ix) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined
3	in IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,
4	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,
5	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and
6	IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;
7	(x) other circumstances in which the political subdivision
8	or unit of federal or state government involuntarily
9	acquired an interest in the property because of the
10	political subdivision's or unit's function as sovereign; or
11	(xi) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a
12	brownfield; and
13	(B) is engaged only in activities in conjunction with:
14	(i) investigation or remediation of hazardous substances,
15	petroleum. and other pollutants associated with a
16	brownfield, including complying with land use
17	restrictions and institutional controls; or
18	(ii) monitoring or closure of an underground storage
19	tank;
20	unless existing contamination on the brownfield is
21	exacerbated due to gross negligence or intentional
22	misconduct by the political subdivision or unit of federal or
23	state government.
24	(f) For purposes of subsection (e)(3)(B), reckless, willful, or
25	wanton misconduct constitutes gross negligence.
26	SECTION 2. IC 13-11-2-150, AS AMENDED BY P.L.208-2005,
27	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 150. (a) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23
29	(except as provided in subsections (b) and (c)) means:
30	(1) for an underground storage tank that:
31	
	(A) was:
32	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or
32 33	
	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or(ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984;for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a
33	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or(ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984;
33 34	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or(ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984;for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a
33 34 35	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or (ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984; for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a person who owns the underground storage tank; or
33 34 35 36 37	(i) in use on November 8, 1984; or (ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984; for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a person who owns the underground storage tank; or (B) is:
33 34 35 36	 (i) in use on November 8, 1984; or (ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984; for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a person who owns the underground storage tank; or (B) is: (i) in use before November 8, 1984; but
33 34 35 36 37 38	 (i) in use on November 8, 1984; or (ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984; for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a person who owns the underground storage tank; or (B) is: (i) in use before November 8, 1984; but (ii) no longer in use on November 8, 1984;
33 34 35 36 37 38	 (i) in use on November 8, 1984; or (ii) brought into use after November 8, 1984; for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances, a person who owns the underground storage tank; or (B) is: (i) in use before November 8, 1984; but (ii) no longer in use on November 8, 1984; a person who owned the tank immediately before the



1	IC 36-1-2-13) or unit of federal or state government because of:
2	(A) bankruptcy;
3	(B) foreclosure;
4	(C) tax delinquency, including a conveyance under
5	IC 6-1.1-24 or IC 6-1.1-25;
6	(D) abandonment;
7	(E) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase of
8	property once an offer to purchase has been tendered under
9	IC 32-24-1-5;
10	(F) receivership;
11	(G) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined
12	in IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,
13	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,
14	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and
15	IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;
16	(G) (H) other circumstances in which a political subdivision
17	or unit of federal or state government involuntarily acquired
18	ownership or control because of the political subdivision's or
19	unit's function as sovereign; or
20	(H) (I) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a
21	brownfield;
22	if the person was a person described in subdivision (1)
23	immediately before the person conveyed ownership or control of
24	the underground storage tank.
25	(b) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23-13, does not include a person
26	who:
27	(1) does not participate in the management of an underground
28	storage tank;
29	(2) is otherwise not engaged in the:
30	(A) production;
31	(B) refining; and
32	(C) marketing;
33	of regulated substances; and
34	(3) holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect the owner's
35	security interest in the tank.
36	(c) "Owner", for purposes of IC 13-23, does not include a political
37	subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit of federal or state
38	government that acquired ownership or control of an underground
39	storage tank because of:
10	(1) bankruptcy;
4 1	(2) foreclosure;
12	(3) tax delinquency, including an acquisition under IC 6-1.1-24 or



1	IC 6-1.1-25;
2	(4) abandonment;
3	(5) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase of
4	property once an offer to purchase has been tendered under
5	IC 32-24-1-5;
6	(6) receivership;
7	(7) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or unit
8	of federal or state government involuntarily acquired ownership
9	or control because of the political subdivision's or unit's function
10	as sovereign;
11	(8) (7) transfer from another political subdivision or unit of
12	federal or state government; or
13	(8) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined in
14	IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,
15	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,
16	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;
17	(9) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or
18	unit of federal or state government involuntarily acquired
19	ownership or control because of the political subdivision's or
20	unit's function as sovereign; or
21	(9) (10) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a
22	brownfield;
23	unless the political subdivision or unit of federal or state government
24	causes or contributes to the release or threatened release of a regulated
25	substance, in which case the political subdivision or unit of federal or
26	state government is subject to IC 13-23 in the same manner and to the
27	same extent as a nongovernmental entity under IC 13-23.
28	SECTION 3. IC 13-11-2-151, AS AMENDED BY P.L.208-2005,
29	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 151. (a) "Owner or operator", for purposes of
31	IC 13-24-1, means the following:
32	(1) For a petroleum facility, a person who owns or operates the
33	facility.
34	(2) For a petroleum facility where title or control has been
35	conveyed because of:
36	(A) bankruptcy;
37	(B) foreclosure;
38	(C) tax delinquency, including a conveyance under
39	IC 6-1.1-24 or IC 6-1.1-25;
40	(D) abandonment;
41	(E) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase of
42	property once an offer to purchase has been tendered under



1	IC 32-24-1-5;
2	(F) receivership;
3	(G) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined
4	in IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,
5	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,
6	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and
7	IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;
8	(G) (H) other circumstances in which a political subdivision
9	(as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit of federal or state
10	government involuntarily acquired title or control because of
11	the political subdivision's or unit's function as sovereign; or
12	(H) (I) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a
13	brownfield;
14	to a political subdivision or unit of federal or state government, a
15	person who owned, operated, or otherwise controlled the
16	petroleum facility immediately before title or control was
17	conveyed.
18	(b) Subject to subsection (c), the term does not include a political
19	subdivision or unit of federal or state government that acquired
20	ownership or control of the facility through:
21	(1) bankruptcy;
22	(2) foreclosure;
23	(3) tax delinquency, including an acquisition under IC 6-1.1-24 or
24	IC 6-1.1-25;
25	(4) abandonment;
26	(5) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase of
27	property once an offer to purchase has been tendered under
28	IC 32-24-1-5;
29	(6) receivership;
30	(7) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or unit
31	of federal or state government involuntarily acquired title because
32	of the political subdivision's or unit's function as sovereign;
33	(8) (7) transfer from another political subdivision or unit of
34	federal or state government; or
35	(8) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined in
36	IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,
37	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,
38	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;
39	(9) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or
40	unit of federal or state government involuntarily acquired
41	ownership or control because of the political subdivision's or
42	unit's function as sovereign; or



1	(9) (10) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a	
2	brownfield.	
3	(c) The term includes a political subdivision or unit of federal or	
4	state government that causes or contributes to the release or threatened	
5	release of a regulated substance, in which case the political	
6	subdivision or unit of federal or state government is subject to	
7	IC 13-24-1:	
8	(1) in the same manner; and	
9	(2) to the same extent;	,
.0	as a nongovernmental entity under IC 13-24-1.	4
1	(d) The term does not include a person who:	
2	(1) does not participate in the management of a petroleum facility;	`
.3	(2) is otherwise not engaged in the:	
4	(A) production;	
.5	(B) refining; and	
.6	(C) marketing;	
.7	of petroleum; and	
. 8	(3) holds evidence of ownership in a petroleum facility, primarily	
9	to protect the owner's security interest in the petroleum facility.	
20	SECTION 4. IC 13-19-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005,	
21	SECTION 171, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
22	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. The environmental remediation	
23	revolving loan program is established to assist in the remediation of	
24	brownfields to encourage the rehabilitation, redevelopment, and reuse	_
25	of real property by political subdivisions by providing grants, loans,	
26	forgivable loans, or other financial assistance to political subdivisions	_
27	to conduct any of the following activities:	
28	(1) Identification and acquisition of brownfields within a political	_ '
29	subdivision as suitable candidates for redevelopment following	
30	the completion of remediation activities.	
31	(2) Environmental assessment of identified brownfields,	
32	including assessment of petroleum contamination, and other	
3	activities necessary or convenient to complete the environmental	
34	assessments.	
55	(3) Remediation activities conducted on brownfields, including:	
56	(A) remediation of petroleum contamination; and	
57	(B) other activities necessary or convenient to complete	
8	remediation activities conducted on brownfields, including	
19	clearance of real property.	
10	(4) The clearance of real property under IC 36-7-14-12.2 or	
1	IC 36-7-15.1-7 in connection with remediation activities.	
12	(5) (4) Other activities in conjunction with assessment and	



1	remediation activities necessary or convenient to complete
2	remediation activities on brownfields. prepare a brownfield for
3	redevelopment.
4	SECTION 5. IC 13-19-5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005,
5	SECTION 172, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) The environmental
7	remediation revolving loan fund is established for the purpose of
8	providing money for loans and other financial assistance, including
9	grants, to or for the benefit of political subdivisions under this chapter.
10	The authority shall administer, hold, and manage the fund.
11	(b) Expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in
12	the fund.
13	(c) The fund consists of the following:
14	(1) Appropriations made by the general assembly.
15	(2) Grants and gifts intended for deposit in the fund.
16	(3) Repayments of loans and other financial assistance, including
17	premiums, interest, and penalties.
18	(4) Proceeds from the sale of loans and other financial assistance
19	under section 9 of this chapter.
20	(5) Interest, premiums, gains, or other earnings on the fund.
21	(6) Money transferred from the hazardous substances response
22	trust fund under IC 13-25-4-1(a)(9).
23	(7) Fees collected under section 7 of this chapter.
24	(d) The authority shall invest the money in the fund not currently
25	needed to meet the obligations of the fund in accordance with an
26	investment policy adopted by the authority. Interest, premiums, gains,
27	or other earnings from these investments shall be credited to the fund.
28	(e) As an alternative to subsection (d), the authority may invest or
29	cause to be invested all or a part of the fund in a fiduciary account with
30	a trustee that is a financial institution. Notwithstanding any other law,
31	any investment may be made by the trustee in accordance with at least
32	one (1) trust agreement or indenture. A trust agreement or indenture
33	may allow disbursements by the trustee to:
34	(1) the authority;
35	(2) a political subdivision;
36	(3) the Indiana bond bank; or
37	(4) any person to which the authority, the Indiana bond bank, or
38	a political subdivision is obligated, including a trustee that is a
39	financial institution for a grantor trust;
40	as provided in the trust agreement or indenture. The budget agency
41	must approve any trust agreement or indenture before its execution.
42	SECTION 6. IC 13-19-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005,



1	SECTION 173, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) The authority shall do the
3	following under this chapter:
4	(1) Be responsible for the management of all aspects of the
5	program.
6	(2) Prepare and provide program information.
7	(3) Negotiate the negotiable aspects of each financial assistance
8	agreement and submit the agreement to the budget agency for
9	approval.
.0	(4) Sign each financial assistance agreement.
.1	(5) Review each proposed project and financial assistance
. 2	agreement to determine if the project meets the credit, economic,
.3	or fiscal criteria established by guidelines of the authority.
.4	(6) Periodically inspect or cause to be inspected projects to
.5	determine compliance with this chapter.
.6	(7) Conduct or cause to be conducted an evaluation concerning
.7	the financial ability of a political subdivision to:
. 8	(A) pay a loan or other financial assistance and other
.9	obligations evidencing loans or other financial assistance, if
20	required to be paid; and
21	(B) otherwise comply with terms of the financial assistance
22	agreement.
23	(8) Evaluate or cause to be evaluated the technical aspects of the
24	political subdivision's:
25	(A) environmental assessment of potential brownfield
26	properties;
27	(B) proposed remediation; and
28	(C) remediation activities conducted on brownfield properties.
29	(9) Inspect or cause to be inspected remediation activities
30	conducted under this chapter.
31	(10) Act as a liaison with the department to the United States
32	Environmental Protection Agency regarding the program.
33	(11) Be a point of contact for political subdivisions concerning
34	questions about the program.
35	(12) Enter into memoranda of understanding, as necessary, with
66	the department and the budget agency concerning the
57	administration and management of the fund and the program.
8	(13) Undertake activities to make private environmental
19	insurance products available to encourage and facilitate the
10	cleanup and redevelopment of brownfield properties.
1	(14) Enter into agreements with political subdivisions to
12	manage any of the following conducted on brownfield



1	properties:
2	(A) Environmental assessment activities.
3	(B) Environmental remediation activities.
4	(b) The authority may:
5	(1) negotiate with;
6	(2) select; and
7	(3) contract with;
8	one (1) or more insurers to provide insurance products as
9	described in subsection (a)(13).
10	(c) Notwithstanding IC 13-23, IC 13-24-1, and IC 13-25-4, the
11	authority is not liable for any contamination addressed by the
12	authority under an agreement under subsection (a)(14) unless
13	existing contamination on the brownfield is exacerbated due to
14	gross negligence or intentional misconduct by the authority.
15	(d) For purposes of subsection (c), reckless, willful, or wanton
16	misconduct constitutes gross negligence.
17	(e) The authority is entitled to the same governmental immunity
18	afforded a political subdivision under IC 34-13-3-3(23) for any act
19	taken to investigate or remediate hazardous substances, petroleum,
20	or other pollutants associated with a brownfield under an
21	agreement under subsection (a)(14).
22	SECTION 7. IC 13-19-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005,
23	SECTION 175, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) The authority may provide
25	services to a political subdivision person (as defined in
26	IC 13-11-2-158(a)) in connection with a loan or other financial
27	assistance, including advisory and other services, technical assistance,
28	and liability clarification, and may charge assess and collect a fee
29	for:
30	(1) services provided to offset the costs of providing the
31	services; and
32	(2) costs and services incurred in the review or consideration of
33	an application for a proposed loan or other financial assistance to
34	or for the benefit of a political subdivision under this chapter,
35	regardless of whether the application is approved or rejected.
36	(b) A political subdivision may pay fees charged under this section.
37	(c) The authority shall adopt guidelines for the assessment and
38	collection of fees under this section.
39	(d) Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the
40	fund.
41	SECTION 8. IC 13-19-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005,
42	SECTION 176, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. The authority may use a priority
2	ranking system in making loans and providing other financial
3	assistance under this chapter based on the following:
4	(1) Socioeconomic distress in an area, as determined by the
5	poverty level and unemployment rate in the area.
6	(2) The technical evaluation by the department under section
7	3(8)(A) and 3(8)(B) of this chapter.
8	(3) Other factors determined by the authority, including the
9	following:
10	(A) The number and quality of jobs that would be generated by
11	a project.
12	(B) Housing, recreational, and educational needs of
13	communities.
14	(C) Any other factors the authority determines will assist in the
15	implementation of this chapter.
16	SECTION 9. IC 13-19-5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005,
17	SECTION 177, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) A loan or other financial
19	assistance must be used for at least one (1) of the purposes under
20	section 1 of this chapter and may be used for any of the following
21	purposes:
22	(1) To:
23	(A) establish guaranties, reserves, or sinking funds, including
24	guaranties, reserves, or sinking funds to secure and pay, in
25	whole or in part, loans or other financial assistance made from
26	sources other than the fund (including financial institutions)
27	for a purpose permitted by this chapter; or
28	(B) provide interest subsidies.
29	(2) To pay financing charges, including interest on the loan or
30	other financial assistance during remediation and for a reasonable
31	period after the completion of remediation.
32	(3) To pay consultant, advisory, and legal fees, and any other
33	costs or expenses resulting from:
34	(A) the assessment, planning, or remediation of a brownfield;
35	or
36	(B) the loan or other financial assistance.
37	(b) The authority shall establish the interest rate or parameters for
38	establishing the interest rate on each loan made under this chapter,
39	including parameters for establishing the amount of interest subsidies.
40	(c) The authority, in setting the interest rate or parameters for
41	establishing the interest rate on each loan, may take into account the
42	following:



1	(1) Credit risk.
2	(2) Environmental enforcement and protection.
3	(3) Affordability.
4	(4) Other fiscal factors the authority considers relevant, including
5	the program's cost of funds and whether the financial assistance
6	provided to a particular political subdivision is taxable or tax
7	exempt under federal law.
8	Based on the factors set forth in subdivisions (1) through (4), more than
9	one (1) interest rate may be established and used for loans or other
10	financial assistance to different political subdivisions or for different
11	loans or other financial assistance to the same political subdivision.
12	(d) Not more than ten fifty percent (10%) (50%) of the money
13	available in the fund during a state fiscal year may be loaned or
14	otherwise provided to any one (1) political subdivision during that
15	fiscal year.
16	(e) Before a political subdivision may receive a loan or other
17	financial assistance, including grants, from the fund, a political
18	subdivision must submit the following:
19	(1) Documentation of community and neighborhood comment
20	concerning the use of a brownfield on which remediation
21	activities will be undertaken after remediation activities are
22	completed.
23	(2) A plan for repayment of the loan or other financial assistance,
24	if applicable.
25	(3) An approving opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel
26	if required by the authority.
27	(4) A summary of the environmental objectives of the proposed
28	project.
29	(f) A political subdivision that receives a loan or other financial
30	assistance from the fund shall enter into a financial assistance
31	agreement. A financial assistance agreement is a valid, binding, and
32	enforceable agreement of the political subdivision.
33	(g) The authority may sell or assign:
34	(1) loans or evidence of other financial assistance; and
35	(2) other obligations of political subdivisions evidencing the loans
36	or other financial assistance from the fund;
37	at any price and on terms acceptable to the authority. Proceeds of sales
38	or assignments under this subsection shall be deposited in the fund. A
39	sale or an assignment under this subsection does not create a liability
40	or an indebtedness of the state or the authority except, in the case of the
41	authority, strictly in accordance with the sale or assignment terms.

(h) The authority may pledge loans or evidences of other financial



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assistance and other obligations of political subdivisions evidencing the loans or other financial assistance from the fund to secure other loans or financial assistance from the fund to or for the benefit of political subdivisions. The terms of a pledge under this subsection must be approved by the budget agency. Notwithstanding any other law, a pledge of property made by the authority and approved by the budget agency under this subsection is binding from the time the pledge is made. Revenues, other money, or other property pledged and then received are immediately subject to the lien of the pledge without any further act. The lien of a pledge is binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the authority, a trustee, or the fund, regardless of whether the parties have notice of a lien. A resolution, an indenture, or other instrument by which a pledge is created is not required to be filed or recorded, except in the records of the authority. An action taken to enforce a pledge under this subsection and to realize the benefits of the pledge is limited to the property pledged. A pledge under this subsection does not create a liability or an indebtedness of the state or the authority except, in the case of the authority, strictly in accordance with the pledge terms.

SECTION 10. IC 13-23-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:

Chapter 16. Brownfield Activities by a Political Subdivision

- Sec. 1. (a) A political subdivision or unit of federal or state government that acquired ownership or control of an underground storage tank on a brownfield by any of the means listed in IC 13-11-2-150(c) and IC 13-11-2-151(b) may undertake any activity in conjunction with:
 - (1) investigation or remediation of hazardous substances, petroleum, and other pollutants associated with a brownfield, including complying with land use restrictions and institutional controls; or
- (2) monitoring or closure of an underground storage tank; unless existing contamination on the brownfield is exacerbated due to gross negligence or intentional misconduct by the political subdivision or unit of federal or state government.
- (b) For purposes of subsection (a), reckless, willful, or wanton misconduct constitutes gross negligence.

SECTION 11. IC 13-25-4-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006, SECTION 205, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), or (d), a person that is liable under Section 107(a)









1	of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9607(a)) for:	
2	(1) the costs of removal or remedial action incurred by the	
3	commissioner consistent with the national contingency plan;	
4	(2) the costs of any health assessment or health effects study	
5	carried out by or on behalf of the commissioner under Section	
6	104(i) of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9604(i)); or	
7	(3) damages for:	
8	(A) injury to;	
9	(B) destruction of; or	_
0	(C) loss of;	
1	natural resources of Indiana;	
2	is liable, in the same manner and to the same extent, to the state under	
3	this section.	
4	(b) The exceptions provided by Sections 107(b), 107(q), and 107(r)	
.5	of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9607(b), 42 U.S.C. 9607(q), and 42 U.S.C.	
6	9607(r)) to liability otherwise imposed by Section 107(a) of CERCLA	
7	(42 U.S.C. 9607(a)) are equally applicable to any liability otherwise	
8	imposed under subsection (a).	
9	(c) Notwithstanding any liability imposed by the environmental	
20	management laws, a lender, a secured or unsecured creditor, or a	
21	fiduciary is not liable under the environmental management laws, in	
22	connection with the release or threatened release of a hazardous	
23	substance from a facility unless the lender, the fiduciary, or creditor has	
24	participated in the management of the hazardous substance at the	_
2.5	facility.	
26	(d) Notwithstanding any liability imposed by the environmental	
27	management laws, the liability of a fiduciary for a release or threatened	
28	release of a hazardous substance from a facility that is held by the	
29	fiduciary in its fiduciary capacity may be satisfied only from the assets	
0	held by the fiduciary in the same estate or trust as the facility that gives	
31	rise to the liability.	
32	(e) Except as provided in subsection (g), a political subdivision (as	
3	defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or unit of federal or state government is not	
4	liable to the state under this section for costs or damages associated	
55	with the presence of a hazardous substance on, in, or at a property in	
66	which the political subdivision or unit of federal or state government	
37	acquired an interest in the property because of:	
8	(1) bankruptcy;	
19	(2) foreclosure;	
10	(3) tax delinquency, including an acquisition under IC 6-1.1-24 or	
1	IC 6-1.1-25;	
12	(4) abandonment;	



1	(5) the exercise of eminent domain, including any purchase of
2	property once an offer to purchase has been tendered under
3	IC 32-24-1-5;
4	(6) receivership;
5	(7) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or unit
6	of federal or state government involuntarily acquired an interest
7	in the property because of the political subdivision's or unit's
8	function as sovereign;
9	(8) (7) transfer from another political subdivision or unit of
10	federal or state government; or
11	(8) acquiring an area needing redevelopment (as defined in
12	IC 36-7-1-3) or conducting redevelopment activities,
13	specifically under IC 36-7-14-22.2, IC 36-7-14-22.5,
14	IC 36-7-15.1-15.1, IC 36-7-15.1-15.2, and IC 36-7-15.1-15.5;
15	(9) other circumstances in which the political subdivision or
16	unit of federal or state government involuntarily acquired
17	ownership or control because of the political subdivision's or
18	unit's function as sovereign; or
19	(9) (10) any other means to conduct remedial actions on a
20	brownfield.
21	(f) If a transfer of an interest in property as described in subsection
22	(e) occurs, a person who owned, operated, or otherwise controlled the
23	property immediately before the political subdivision or unit of federal
24	or state government acquired the interest in the property remains liable
25	under this section:
26	(1) in the same manner; and
27	(2) to the same extent;
28	as the person was liable immediately before the person's interest in the
29	property was acquired by the political subdivision or unit of federal or
30	state government.
31	(g) Notwithstanding subsection (e), a political subdivision or unit of
32	federal or state government that causes or contributes to the release or
33	threatened release of a hazardous substance on, in, or at a property
34	remains subject to this section:
35	(1) in the same manner; and
36	(2) to the same extent;
37	as a nongovernmental entity under this section.
38	(h) A political subdivision or unit of federal or state government
39	that establishes an exemption or defense under subsection (b) or (e)
40	may undertake any activity related to:
41	(1) investigation, removal, or remedial action on a brownfield,
42	including complying with land use restrictions and



1	institutional controls; or
2	(2) monitoring or closure of an underground storage tank;
3	without being considered as contributing to the existing release or
4	threatened release of hazardous substances on, in, or at the
5	brownfield unless existing contamination on the brownfield is
6	exacerbated due to gross negligence or intentional misconduct by
7	the political subdivision or unit of federal or state government.
8	(i) For purposes of subsection (h), reckless, willful, or wanton
9	misconduct constitutes gross negligence.
.0	SECTION 12. IC 36-1-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies
2	to the following:
.3	(1) The state.
4	(2) All political subdivisions.
.5	(3) All state agencies.
6	(4) Any of the following created by state law:
7	(A) Public instrumentalities.
. 8	(B) Public corporate bodies.
9	(4) (5) Another state to the extent authorized by the law of that
20	state.
21	(5) (6) Political subdivisions of states other than Indiana, to the
22	extent authorized by laws of the other states.
23	(6) (7) Agencies of the federal government, to the extent
24	authorized by federal laws.
25	SECTION 13. IC 36-1-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) If an agreement
27	under section 3 of this chapter:
28	(1) involves as parties:
29	(A) only Indiana political subdivisions; or
0	(B) an Indiana political subdivision and:
31	(i) a public instrumentality; or
32	(ii) a public corporate body;
3	created by state law;
4	(2) is approved by the fiscal body of each party that is an
55	Indiana political subdivision either before or after it the
66	agreement is entered into by the executives executive of the
57	parties; party; and
8	(3) delegates to the treasurer or disbursing officer of one (1) of the
9	parties that is an Indiana political subdivision the duty to
10	receive, disburse, and account for all monies of the joint
1	undertaking;
-2	then the approval of the attorney general is not required.



1	(b) If subsection (a) does not apply, an agreement under section 3
2	of this chapter must be submitted to the attorney general for his
3	approval. The attorney general shall approve the agreement unless he
4	the attorney general finds that it does not comply with the statutes, in
5	which case he the attorney general shall detail in writing for the
6	executives of the parties the specific respects in which the agreement
7	does not comply. If the attorney general fails to disapprove the
8	agreement within sixty (60) days after it is submitted to him, the
9	attorney general, it is considered approved.
10	SECTION 14. IC 36-1-7-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2005,
11	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 15. (a) As used in this section, "economic
13	development entity" means any of the following:
14	(1) A department of redevelopment organized under IC 36-7-14.
15	(2) A department of metropolitan development under
16	IC 36-7-15.1.
17	(3) A port authority organized under IC 8-10-5. or
18	(4) An airport authority organized under IC 8-22-3.
19	(5) The Indiana finance authority.
20	(b) Notwithstanding section 2 of this chapter, two (2) or more
21	economic development entities may enter into a written agreement
22	under section 3 of this chapter if the agreement is approved by each
23	entity's governing body.
24	(c) A party to an agreement under this section may do one (1) or
25	more of the following:
26	(1) Except as provided in subsection (d), grant one (1) or more of
27	its powers to another party to the agreement.
28	(2) Exercise any power granted to it by a party to the agreement.
29	(3) Pledge any of its revenues, including taxes or allocated taxes
30	under IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-15.1, or IC 8-22-3.5, to the bonds or
31	lease rental obligations of another party to the agreement under
32	IC 5-1-14-4.
33	(d) An economic development entity may not grant to another entity
34	the power to tax or to establish an allocation area under IC 8-22-3.5,
35	IC 36-7-14-39, or IC 36-7-15.1.
36	(e) An agreement under this section does not have to comply with
37	section 3(a)(5) or 4 of this chapter.
38	(f) An action to challenge the validity of an agreement under this
39	section must be brought within thirty (30) days after the agreement has
40	been approved by all the parties to the agreement. After that period has
41	passed, the agreement is not contestable for any cause.

SECTION 15. IC 36-7-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,



42

1	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. "Area needing redevelopment" means an area	
3	in which normal development and occupancy are undesirable or	
4	impossible because of any of the following:	
5	(1) Lack of development.	
6	(2) Cessation of growth.	
7	(3) Deteriorated or deteriorating improvements.	
8	(4) Environmental contamination.	
9	(4) (5) Character of occupancy.	
10	(5) (6) Age.	
11	(6) (7) Obsolescence.	
12	(7) (8) Substandard buildings. or	
13	(8) (9) Other factors that impair values or prevent a normal use or	
14	development of property.	
15	SECTION 16. IC 36-7-1-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,	
16	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
17	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. "Redevelopment" includes the following	
18	activities:	
19	(1) Acquiring real property in areas needing redevelopment.	
20	(2) Replatting and determining the proper use of real property	
21	acquired.	
22	(3) Opening, closing, relocating, widening, and improving public	
23	ways.	
24	(4) Relocating, constructing, and improving sewers, utility	_
25	services, offstreet parking facilities, and levees.	
26	(5) Laying out and constructing necessary public improvements,	_
27	including parks, playgrounds, and other recreational facilities.	
28	(6) Restricting the use of real property acquired according to law.	Y
29	(7) Repairing and maintaining buildings acquired, if demolition	
30	of those buildings is not considered necessary to carry out the	
31	redevelopment plan.	
32	(8) Rehabilitating real or personal property, whether or not	
33	acquired, to carry out the redevelopment or urban renewal plan.	
34	(9) Investigating or remediating environmental contamination	
35	on real property to carry out the redevelopment or urban	
36	renewal plan, regardless of whether the real property is	
37	acquired by the unit.	
38	(9) (10) Disposing of property acquired on the terms and	
39	conditions and for the uses and purposes that best serve the	
40	interests of the units served by the redevelopment commission.	
41	(10) (11) Making payments required or authorized by IC 8-23-17.	
42	(11) (12) Performing all acts incident to the statutory powers and	



1	duties of a redevelopment commission.	
2	SECTION 17. IC 36-7-14-2.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The	
4	assessment, planning, replanning, remediation, development, and	
5	redevelopment of economic development areas:	
6	(1) are public and governmental functions that cannot be	
7	accomplished through the ordinary operations of private	
8	enterprise because of:	
9	(1) (A) the necessity for requiring the proper use of the land so	
10	as to best serve the interests of the county and its citizens; and	
11	(2) (B) the costs of these projects;	
12	(b) The planning, replanning, development, and redevelopment of	
13	economic development areas	
14	(2) will:	
15	(1) (A) benefit the public health, safety, morals, and welfare;	
16	(2) (B) increase the economic well-being of the unit and the	
17	state; and	
18	(3) (C) serve to protect and increase property values in the unit	
19	and the state;	
20	(c) The planning, replanning, development, and redevelopment of	
21	economic development areas under this chapter	
22	(3) are public uses and purposes for which public money may be	
23	spent and private property may be acquired.	
24	(d) (b) This section and sections 41 and 43 of this chapter shall be	_
25	liberally construed to carry out the purposes of this section.	
26	SECTION 18. IC 36-7-14-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,	
27	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
28	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. The redevelopment commission shall:	Y
29	(1) investigate, study, and survey areas needing redevelopment	
30	within the corporate boundaries of the unit;	
31	(2) investigate, study, determine, and, to the extent possible,	
32	combat the causes of areas needing redevelopment;	
33	(3) promote the use of land in the manner that best serves the	
34	interests of the unit and its inhabitants;	
35	(4) cooperate:	
36	(A) with the departments and agencies of:	
37	(i) the unit; and of	
38	(ii) other governmental entities; and	
39	(B) with:	
40	(i) public instrumentalities; and	
41	(ii) public corporate bodies;	
42	created by state law;	



1	in the manner that best serves the purposes of this chapter;	
2	(5) make findings and reports on their activities under this	
3	section, and keep those reports open to inspection by the public	
4	at the offices of the department;	
5	(6) select and acquire the areas needing redevelopment to be	
6	redeveloped under this chapter; and	
7	(7) replan and dispose of the areas needing redevelopment in the	
8	manner that best serves the social and economic interests of the	
9	unit and its inhabitants.	
10	SECTION 19. IC 36-7-14-12.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,	
11	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
12	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12.2. (a) The redevelopment commission may do	
13	the following:	
14	(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, condemnation, or	
15	lease, or any combination of methods, any personal property or	
16	interest in real property needed for the redevelopment of areas	
17	needing redevelopment that are located within the corporate	
18	boundaries of the unit.	
19	(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or	
20	other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, or otherwise dispose of	
21	property acquired for use in the redevelopment of areas needing	
22	redevelopment on the terms and conditions that the commission	
23	considers best for the unit and its inhabitants.	
24	(3) Sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property	
25	acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of	
26	the unit or to any other governmental agency for public ways,	,
27	levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public	
28	purposes on any terms that may be agreed on.	
29	(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.	
30	(5) Investigate or remediate any of the following associated	
31	with a brownfield (as defined in IC 13-11-2-19.3) acquired for	
32	redevelopment purposes:	
33	(A) Hazardous substances.	
34	(B) Petroleum.	
35	(C) Other pollutants.	
36	(5)(6) Repair and maintain structures acquired for redevelopment	
37	purposes.	
38	(6) (7) Remodel, rebuild, enlarge, or make major structural	
39	improvements on structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.	
40	(7) (8) Survey or examine any land to determine whether it should	
41	be included within an area needing redevelopment to be acquired	
42	for redevelopment purposes and to determine the value of that	



1	land.
2	(8) (9) Appear before any other department or agency of the unit,
3	or before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter
4	affecting:
5	(A) real property acquired or being acquired for
6	redevelopment purposes; or
7	(B) any area needing redevelopment within the jurisdiction of
8	the commissioners.
9	(9) (10) Institute or defend in the name of the unit any civil
10	action.
11	(10) (11) Use any legal or equitable remedy that is necessary or
12	considered proper to protect and enforce the rights of and perform
13	the duties of the department of redevelopment.
14	(11) (12) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of
15	and within the corporate boundaries of the unit in the manner
16	prescribed by section 20 of this chapter.
17	(12) (13) Appoint an executive director, appraisers, real estate
18	experts, engineers, architects, surveyors, and attorneys.
19	(13) (14) Appoint clerks, guards, laborers, and other employees
20	the commission considers advisable, except that those
21	appointments must be made in accordance with the merit system
22	of the unit if such a system exists.
23	(14) (15) Prescribe the duties and regulate the compensation of
24	employees of the department of redevelopment.
25	(15) (16) Provide a pension and retirement system for employees
26	of the department of redevelopment by using the Indiana public
27	employees' retirement fund or a retirement plan approved by the
28	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
29	(16) (17) Discharge and appoint successors to employees of the
30	department of redevelopment subject to subdivision (13); (14).
31	(17) (18) Rent offices for use of the department of redevelopment,
32	or accept the use of offices furnished by the unit.
33	(18) (19) Equip the offices of the department of redevelopment
34	with the necessary furniture, furnishings, equipment, records, and
35	supplies.
36	(19) (20) Expend, on behalf of the special taxing district, all or
37	any part of the money of the special taxing district.
38	(20) (21) Contract for the construction of:
39	(A) local public improvements (as defined in IC 36-7-14.5-6)
40	or structures that are necessary for redevelopment of areas
41	needing redevelopment or economic development within the
12	corporate boundaries of the unit; or



1	(B) any structure that enhances development or economic
2	development.
3	(21) (22) Contract for the construction, extension, or
4	improvement of pedestrian skyways.
5	(22) (23) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial
6	assistance from the federal government, the state government, a
7	municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or
8	any other source.
9	(23) (24) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans)
10	to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential
11	units within the district. However, financial assistance may be
12	provided only to individuals and families whose income is at or
13	below the unit's median income for individuals and families,
14	respectively.
15	(24) (25) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans)
16	to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to:
17	(A) provide financial assistance for the purposes described in
18	subdivision (23); (24); or
19	(B) construct, rehabilitate, or repair commercial property
20	within the district. and
21	(25) (26) Require as a condition of financial assistance to the
22	owner of a multiple unit residential structure that any of the units
23	leased by the owner must be leased:
24	(A) for a period to be determined by the commission, which
25	may not be less than five (5) years;
26	(B) to families whose income does not exceed eighty percent
27	(80%) of the unit's median income for families; and
28	(C) at an affordable rate.
29	(b) Conditions imposed by the commission under subsection $\frac{(a)(25)}{(a)(25)}$
30	(a)(26) remain in force throughout the period determined under
31	subsection (a)(25)(A), (a)(26)(A), even if the owner sells, leases, or
32	conveys the property. The subsequent owner or lessee is bound by the
33	conditions for the remainder of the period.
34	(c) As used in this section, "pedestrian skyway" means a pedestrian
35	walkway within or outside of the public right-of-way and through and
36	above public or private property and buildings, including all structural
37	supports required to connect skyways to buildings or buildings under
38	construction. Pedestrian skyways constructed, extended, or improved
39	over or through public or private property constitute public property
40	and public improvements, constitute a public use and purpose, and do
41	not require vacation of any public way or other property.
12	(d) All powers that may be exercised under this chapter by the



1	redevelopment commission may also be exercised by the
2	redevelopment commission in carrying out its duties and purposes
3	under IC 36-7-14.5. SECTION 20. IC 36-7-14-12.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12.3. IC 5-16-7 applies
6	to:
7 8	(1) a person that enters into a contract with a redevelopment
9	commission to perform construction work referred to in section $12.2(a)(4), \frac{12.2(a)(6)}{12.2(a)(20)}, \frac{12.2(a)(20)}{12.2(a)(21)}, or$
10	12.2(a)(4), 12.2(a)(0), 12.2(a)(20), of 12.2(a)(7), 12.2(a)(21), of 12.2(a)(22) of this chapter; and
11	(2) a subcontractor of a person described in subdivision (1);
12	with respect to the construction work referred to in subdivision (1).
13	SECTION 21. IC 36-7-14-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) A county may
15	contract with a city within the county to have any of the duties and
16	powers listed in sections 11 and 12.2 of this chapter performed by the
17	redevelopment commission of the city.
18	(b) A city may contract with the county in which it is located to have
19	any of the duties and powers listed in sections 11 and 12.2 of this
20	chapter performed by the redevelopment commission of the county.
21	(c) A city or county may contract with:
22	(1) a public instrumentality; or
23	(2) a public corporate body;
24	created by state law to have the powers listed in section 12.2(a)(4)
25	through 12.2(a)(6) of this chapter performed by the public
26	instrumentality or public corporate body.
27	(c) (d) A contract made under this section must be for a stated and
28	limited period and may be renewed.
29	(d) (e) Whenever a city official acts under a contract made under
30	this section, or whenever permits or other writings are used under such
31	a contract, the action or use must be in the name of the county
32	redevelopment commission.
33	SECTION 22. IC 36-7-14-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,
34	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 15. (a) Whenever the redevelopment commission
36	finds that:
37	(1) an area in the territory under their jurisdiction is an area
38	needing redevelopment;
39	(2) the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 cannot be corrected in
40	the area by regulatory processes or the ordinary operations of
41	private enterprise without resort to this chapter; and
42	(3) the public health and welfare will be benefited by the



1	acquisition and redevelopment of the area under this chapter;
2	the commission shall cause to be prepared the data described in
3	subsection (b).
4	(b) After making a finding under subsection (a), the commission
5	shall cause to be prepared:
6	(1) maps and plats showing:
7	(A) the boundaries of the area needing redevelopment, the
8	location of the various parcels of property, streets, alleys, and
9	other features affecting the acquisition, clearance,
0	remediation, replatting, replanning, rezoning, or
1	redevelopment of the area, indicating any parcels of property
2	to be excluded from the acquisition; and
3	(B) the parts of the area acquired that are to be devoted to
4	public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, and other
.5	public purposes under the redevelopment plan;
6	(2) lists of the owners of the various parcels of property proposed
.7	to be acquired; and
. 8	(3) an estimate of the cost of acquisition and redevelopment.
9	(c) After completion of the data required by subsection (b), the
20	redevelopment commission shall adopt a resolution declaring that:
21	(1) the area needing redevelopment is a menace to the social and
22	economic interest of the unit and its inhabitants;
23	(2) it will be of public utility and benefit to acquire the area and
24	redevelop it under this chapter; and
2.5	(3) the area is designated as a redevelopment project area for
26	purposes of this chapter.
27	The resolution must state the general boundaries of the redevelopment
28	project area, and that the department of redevelopment proposes to
29	acquire all of the interests in the land within the boundaries, with
0	certain designated exceptions, if there are any.
31	(d) For the purpose of adopting a resolution under subsection (c), it
32	is sufficient to describe the boundaries of the redevelopment project
33	area by its location in relation to public ways or streams, or otherwise,
34	as determined by the commissioners. Property excepted from the
35	acquisition may be described by street numbers or location.
66	SECTION 23. IC 36-7-14-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 21. (a) The
8	redevelopment commission may proceed with the clearing and
9	replanning of the area described in the resolution before the acquisition
10	of all of that area. It may also proceed with the repair and maintenance
1	of buildings that have been acquired and are not to be cleared, and
12	with the following with respect to environmental contamination:



1	(1) Investigation.
2	(2) Remediation.
3	This clearance, repair, and maintenance The redevelopment
4	commission may be carried carry out activities under this subsection
5	by labor employed directly by the commission or by contract. Contracts
6	for clearance may provide that the contractor is entitled to retain and
7	dispose of salvaged material, as a part of the contract price or on the
8	basis of stated prices for the amounts of the various materials actually
9	salvaged.
10	(b) All contracts for material or labor under this section shall be let under IC 36-1.
11	***************************************
12	(c) In the planning and rezoning of the real property acquired, the
13	opening, closing, relocation, and improvement of public ways, and the
14	construction, relocation, and improvement of levees, sewers, parking
15	facilities, and utility services, the redevelopment commission shall
16	proceed in the same manner as private owners of the property. It may
17	negotiate with the proper officers and agencies of the unit to secure the
18	proper orders, approvals, and consents.
19	(d) Any construction work required in connection with
20	improvements in the area described in the resolution may be carried out
21	by:
22	(1) the appropriate municipal or county department or agency; or
23	(2) the department of redevelopment, if:
24	(A) all plans, specifications, and drawings are approved by the
25	appropriate department or agency; and
26	(B) the statutory procedures for the letting of contracts by the
27	appropriate department or agency are followed by the
28	department of redevelopment.
29	(e) The redevelopment commission may pay any charges or
30	assessments made on account of orders, approval, consents, and
31	construction work under this section, or may agree to pay these
32	assessments in installments as provided by statute in the case of private
33	owners. The commission may:
34	(1) by special waiver filed with the municipal works board or
35	county executive, waive the statutory procedure and notices
36	required by law in order to create valid liens on private property;
37	and
38	(2) cause any assessments to be spread on a different basis than
39	that provided by statute.
40	(f) None of the real property acquired under this chapter may be set
41	aside and dedicated for public ways, parking facilities, sewers, levees,
42	parks, or other public purposes until the redevelopment commission



1	has obtained the consent and approval of the department or agency
2	under whose jurisdiction the property will be placed.
3	SECTION 24. IC 36-7-14-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,
4	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 30. In addition to its authority under any other
6	section of this chapter, the redevelopment commission may plan and
7	undertake urban renewal projects. For purposes of this chapter, an
8	urban renewal project includes undertakings and activities for the
9	elimination and the prevention of the conditions described in
10	IC 36-7-1-3, and may involve any work or undertaking that is
11	performed for those purposes and is related to a redevelopment project,
12	or any rehabilitation or conservation work, or any combination of such
13	an undertaking or work, such as the following:
14	(1) Carrying out plans for a program of voluntary or compulsory
15	repair and rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements.
16	(2) Acquisition of real property and demolition, removal, or
17	rehabilitation of buildings and improvements on the property
18	when necessary for the following:
19	(A) To eliminate unhealthful, unsanitary, or unsafe conditions.
20	(B) To eliminate environmental contamination.
21	(C) To do any of the following:
22	(i) Lessen density.
23	(ii) Reduce traffic hazards.
24	(iii) Eliminate uses that are obsolete or otherwise
25	detrimental to the public welfare.
26	(iv) Otherwise remove or prevent the spread of the
27	conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3. or
28	(v) Provide land for needed public facilities.
29	(3) Installation, construction, or reconstruction of streets, utilities,
30	parks, playgrounds, and other improvements necessary for
31	carrying out the objectives of the urban renewal project. and
32	(4) The disposition, for uses in accordance with the objectives of
33	the urban renewal project, of any property acquired in the area of
34	the project.
35	SECTION 25. IC 36-7-14-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,
36	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 32. (a) In connection with the planning and
38	undertaking of an urban renewal plan or urban renewal project, the
39	redevelopment commission, municipal, county, public, and private
40	officers, agencies, and bodies have all the rights, powers, privileges,

duties, and immunities that they have with respect to a redevelopment

plan or redevelopment project, as if all of the provisions of this chapter



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1	applicable to a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project were
2	applicable to an urban renewal plan or urban renewal project.
3	(b) In addition to its other powers, the redevelopment commission
4	may also:
5	(1) make plans for carrying out a program of voluntary repair and
6	rehabilitation of buildings and improvements;
7	(2) make plans for the enforcement of laws and regulations
8	relating to the use of land and the use and occupancy of buildings
9	and improvements, and to the compulsory repair, rehabilitation,
10	demolition, or removal of buildings and improvements;
11	(3) make preliminary plans outlining urban renewal activities for
12	neighborhoods to embrace two (2) or more urban renewal areas;
13	(4) make preliminary surveys, including environmental
14	assessments, to determine if the undertaking and carrying out of
15	an urban renewal project are feasible;
16	(5) make plans for the relocation of persons (including families,
17	business concerns, and others) displaced by an urban renewal
18	project;
19	(6) make relocation payments to or with respect to persons
20	(including families, business concerns, and others) displaced by
21	an urban renewal project, for moving expenses and losses of
22	property for which reimbursement or compensation is not
23	otherwise made, including the making of payments financed by
24	the federal government; and
25	(7) develop, test, and report methods and techniques, and carry
26	out demonstrations and other activities, for the prevention and the
27	elimination of the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 in urban
28	areas.
29	SECTION 26. IC 36-7-14-33 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 33. (a) Any:
31	(1) political subdivision; or
32	(2) other governmental entity;
33	(3) public instrumentality created by state law; or
34	(4) public body created by state law,
35	may, in the area in which it is authorized to act, do all things necessary
36	to aid and cooperate in the planning and undertaking of an urban
37	renewal project, including furnishing the financial and other assistance
38	that it is authorized by this chapter to furnish for or in connection with
39	a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project.
40	(b) The redevelopment commission may delegate to:
41	(1) an executive department of a unit or county; or to
12	(2) another governmental entity;



1	(3) a public instrumentality created by state law; or
2	(4) a public body created by state law;
3	any of the powers or functions of the commission with respect to the
4	planning or undertaking of an urban renewal project in the area in
5	which that department, or entity, public instrumentality, or public
6	body is authorized to act. The department, or entity, public
7	instrumentality, or public body may then carry out or perform those
8	powers or functions for the commission.
9	(c) A unit, or other another governmental entity, a public
10	instrumentality created by state law, or a public body created by
11	state law may enter into agreements with the redevelopment
12	commission or any other entity respecting action to be taken under this
13	chapter, including the furnishing of funds or other assistance in
14	connection with an urban renewal plan or urban renewal project. These
15	agreements may extend over any period, notwithstanding any other
16	law.
17	SECTION 27. IC 36-7-15.1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,
18	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) The assessment, clearance, remediation,
20	replanning, and redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment are
21	public and governmental functions that cannot be accomplished
22	through the ordinary operations of private enterprise, due to the
23	necessity for the exercise of the power of eminent domain, the
24	necessity for requiring the proper use of the land so as to best serve the
25	interests of the county and its citizens, and the cost of these projects.
26	(b) The conditions that exist in areas needing redevelopment are
27	beyond remedy and control by regulatory processes because of the
28	obsolescence and deteriorated conditions of improvements,
29	environmental contamination, faulty land use, shifting of population,
30	and technological and social changes.
31	(c) The assessment, clearing, remediation, replanning, and
32	redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment will benefit the health,
33	safety, morals, and welfare and will serve to protect and increase
34	property values in the county and the state.
35	(d) The assessment, clearance, remediation, replanning, and
36	redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment under this chapter are
37	public uses and purposes for which public money may be spent and
38	private property may be acquired.
39	(e) This chapter shall be liberally construed to carry out the
40	purposes of this section.

SECTION 28. IC 36-7-15.1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,

SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



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1	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6. The commission shall:	
2	(1) investigate, study, and survey areas needing redevelopment	
3	within the redevelopment district;	
4	(2) investigate, study, determine, and to the extent possible	
5	combat the causes of the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3;	
6	(3) promote the use of land in the manner that best serves the	
7	interests of the consolidated city and its inhabitants, both from the	
8	standpoint of human needs and economic values;	
9	(4) cooperate:	
10	(A) with the departments and agencies of:	
11	(i) the city; and of	
12	(ii) other governmental entities; and	
13	(B) with:	
14	(i) public instrumentalities; and	
15	(ii) public bodies;	_
16	created by state law;	
17	in the manner that best serves the purposes of this chapter;	
18	(5) make findings and reports on its activities under this section,	
19	and keep those reports open to inspection by the public at the	
20	offices of the department;	
21	(6) select and acquire the areas needing redevelopment to be	
22	redeveloped under this chapter; and	
23	(7) replan and dispose of the areas needing redevelopment in the	
24	manner that best serves the social and economic interests of the	_
25	city and its inhabitants.	
26	SECTION 29. IC 36-7-15.1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005,	
27	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
28	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) In carrying out its duties and purposes under	Y
29	this chapter, the commission may do the following:	
30	(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, lease, or	
31	condemnation, or any combination of methods, any real or	
32	personal property or interest in property needed for the	
33	redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment that are located	
34	within the redevelopment district.	
35	(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or	
36	other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, invest in, or otherwise	
37	dispose of, through any combination of methods, property	
38	acquired for use in the redevelopment of areas needing	
39	redevelopment on the terms and conditions that the commission	
40	considers best for the city and its inhabitants.	
41	(3) Acquire from and sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of	
42	the real property acquired for redevelopment purposes to any	



1	other department of the city, or to any other governmental agency,
2	for public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools,
3	and other public purposes, on any terms that may be agreed upon.
4	(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
5	(5) Investigate or remediate any of the following associated
6	with a brownfield (as defined in IC 13-11-2-19.3) acquired for
7	redevelopment purposes:
8	(A) Hazardous substances.
9	(B) Petroleum.
10	(C) Other pollutants.
11	(5) (6) Repair and maintain structures acquired or to be acquired
12	for redevelopment purposes.
13	(6) (7) Enter upon, survey, or examine any land, to determine
14	whether it should be included within an area needing
15	redevelopment to be acquired for redevelopment purposes, and
16	determine the value of that land.
17	(7) (8) Appear before any other department or agency of the city,
18	or before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter
19	affecting:
20	(A) real property acquired or being acquired for
21	redevelopment purposes; or
22	(B) any area needing redevelopment within the jurisdiction of
23	the commission.
24	(8) (9) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of the
25	city, within the redevelopment district, in the manner prescribed
26	by this chapter.
27	(9) (10) Establish a uniform fee schedule whenever appropriate
28	for the performance of governmental assistance, or for providing
29	materials and supplies to private persons in project or program
30	related activities.
31	(10) (11) Expend, on behalf of the redevelopment district, all or
32	any part of the money available for the purposes of this chapter.
33	(11) (12) Contract for the construction, extension, or
34	improvement of pedestrian skyways.
35	(12) (13) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial
36	assistance from the federal government, the state government, a
37	municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or
38	any other source.
39	(13) (14) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans)
40	to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential
41	units within the district. However, financial assistance may be
12	provided only to those individuals and families whose income is



1	at or below the county's median income for individuals and
2	families, respectively.
3	(14) (15) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans)
4	to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to:
5	(A) provide financial assistance for the purposes described in
6	subdivision (13); (14); or
7	(B) construct, rehabilitate, or repair commercial property
8	within the district.
9	(15) (16) Require as a condition of financial assistance to the
10	owner of a multiunit residential structure that any of the units
11	leased by the owner must be leased:
12	(A) for a period to be determined by the commission, which
13	may not be less than five (5) years;
14	(B) to families whose income does not exceed eighty percent
15	(80%) of the county's median income for families; and
16	(C) at an affordable rate.
17	Conditions imposed by the commission under this subdivision
18	remain in force throughout the period determined under clause
19	(A), even if the owner sells, leases, or conveys the property. The
20	subsequent owner or lessee is bound by the conditions for the
21	remainder of the period.
22	(16) (17) Provide programs in job training, job enrichment, and
23	basic skill development for residents of an enterprise zone.
24	(17) (18) Provide loans and grants for the purpose of stimulating
25	business activity in an enterprise zone or providing employment
26	for residents of an enterprise zone.
27	(18) (19) Contract for the construction, extension, or
28	improvement of:
29	(A) public ways, sidewalks, sewers, waterlines, parking
30	facilities, park or recreational areas, or other local public
31	improvements (as defined in IC 36-7-15.3-6) or structures that
32	are necessary for redevelopment of areas needing
33	redevelopment or economic development within the
34	redevelopment district; or
35	(B) any structure that enhances development or economic
36	development.
37	(b) In addition to its powers under subsection (a), the commission
38	may plan and undertake, alone or in cooperation with other agencies,
39	projects for the redevelopment of, rehabilitating, preventing the spread
40	of, or eliminating slums or areas needing redevelopment, both
41	residential and nonresidential, which projects may include any of the
42	following:



1	(1) The repair or rehabilitation of buildings or other
2	improvements by the commission, owners, or tenants.
3	(2) The acquisition of real property.
4	(3) Either of the following with respect to environmental
5	contamination on real property:
6	(A) Investigation.
7	(B) Remediation.
8	(3) (4) The demolition and removal of buildings or improvements
9	on buildings acquired by the commission where necessary for
10	any of the following:
11	(A) To eliminate unhealthful, unsanitary, or unsafe conditions.
12	(B) To eliminate environmental contamination.
13	(C) To lessen density.
14	(D) To reduce traffic hazards.
15	(E) To eliminate obsolete or other uses detrimental to public
16	welfare.
17	(F) To otherwise remove or prevent the conditions described
18	in IC 36-7-1-3. or
19	(G) To provide land for needed public facilities.
20	(4) (5) The preparation of sites and the construction of
21	improvements (such as public ways and utility connections) to
22	facilitate the sale or lease of property.
23	(5) (6) The construction of buildings or facilities for residential,
24	commercial, industrial, public, or other uses.
25	(6) (7) The disposition in accordance with this chapter, for uses
26	in accordance with the plans for the projects, of any property
27	acquired in connection with the projects.
28	(c) The commission may use its powers under this chapter relative
29	to real property and interests in real property obtained by voluntary sale
30	or transfer, even though the real property and interests in real property
31	are not located in a redevelopment or urban renewal project area
32	established by the adoption and confirmation of a resolution under
33	sections 8(b), 8(c), 9, 10, and 11 of this chapter. In acquiring real
34	property and interests in real property outside of a redevelopment or
35	urban renewal project area, the commission shall comply with section
36	12(b) through 12(e) of this chapter. The commission shall hold,
37	develop, use, and dispose of this real property and interests in real
38	property substantially in accordance with section 15 of this chapter.
39	(d) As used in this section, "pedestrian skyway" means a pedestrian
40	walkway within or outside of the public right-of-way and through and
41	above public or private property and buildings, including all structural
42	supports required to connect skyways to buildings or buildings under



1	construction. Pedestrian skyways constructed, extended, or improved	
2	over or through public or private property constitute public property	
3	and public improvements, constitute a public use and purpose, and do	
4	not require vacation of any public way or other property.	
5	(e) All powers that may be exercised under this chapter by the	
6	commission may also be exercised by the commission in carrying out	
7	its duties and purposes under IC 36-7-15.3.	
8	SECTION 30. IC 36-7-15.1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) The commission	
10	may proceed with the clearing and replanning of the area described in	1
11	the resolution before the acquisition of all of that area. It may also	
12	proceed with any of the following:	
13	(1) The repair and maintenance of buildings that have been	
14	acquired and are not to be cleared.	
15	(2) Investigation of environmental contamination.	
16	(3) Remediation of environmental contamination.	1
17	This elearance, repair, and maintenance The commission may be	•
18	carried carry out the activities under this subsection by labor	
19	employed directly by the commission or by contract. Contracts for	
20	clearance may provide that the contractor is entitled to retain and	
21	dispose of salvaged material, as a part of the contract price or on the	
22	basis of stated prices for the amounts of the various materials actually	
23	salvaged.	
24	(b) All contracts for material or labor under this section shall be let	-
25	under IC 36-1.	
26	(c) In the replanning and rezoning of the real property acquired, the	
27	opening, closing, relocation, and improvement of public ways, and the	1
28	construction, relocation, or improvement of levees, sewers, and utility	
29	services, the commission shall proceed in the same manner as private	
30	owners of property. It may negotiate with the proper officers and	
31	agencies to secure the proper orders, approvals, and consents.	
32	(d) The commission may pay any charges or assessments made on	
33	account of orders, approvals, consents, and construction work under	
34	this section, or may agree to pay these assessments in installments as	
35	provided by statute in the case of private owners. The commission may:	
36	(1) by special waiver filed with the works board, waive the	
37	statutory procedure and notices required by law in order to create	
38	valid liens on private property; and	
39	(2) cause any assessments to be spread on a different basis than	

(e) None of the real property acquired under this chapter may be set

aside and dedicated for public ways, sewers, levees, parks, or other



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that provided by statute.

1 public purposes until the commission has obtained the consent and 2 approval of the department or agency under whose jurisdiction the 3 property will be placed. 4 SECTION 31. IC 36-7-15.1-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005. 5 SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 20. In addition to its authority under any other 7 section of this chapter, the commission may plan and undertake urban 8 renewal projects. For purposes of this chapter, an urban renewal project 9 includes undertakings and activities for the elimination or the 10 prevention of the development or spread of the conditions described in 11 IC 36-7-1-3, and may involve any work or undertaking that is 12 performed for those purposes constituting a redevelopment project, or 13 any rehabilitation or conservation work, or any combination of such an 14 undertaking or work, such as the following: 15 (1) Carrying out plans for a program of voluntary or compulsory 16 repair and rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements. (2) Acquisition of real property and demolition, removal, or 17 18 rehabilitation of buildings and improvements on the property 19 when necessary to do any of the following: 20 (A) Eliminate unhealthful, unsanitary, or unsafe conditions. 21 (B) Eliminate environmental contamination. 22 (C) Lessen density. 23 (D) Reduce traffic hazards. 24 (E) Eliminate uses that are obsolete or otherwise detrimental 25 to the public welfare. 26 (F) Otherwise remove or prevent the spread of the conditions 27 described in IC 36-7-1-3. or 28 (G) Provide land for needed public facilities. 29 (3) Installation, construction, or reconstruction of streets, utilities, 30 parks, playgrounds, and other improvements necessary for 31 carrying out the objectives of the urban renewal project. and 32 (4) The disposition, for uses in accordance with the objectives of 33 the urban renewal project, of any property acquired in the area of 34 the project. 35 SECTION 32. IC 36-7-15.1-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005, 36 SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 37 JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 22. (a) In connection with the planning and 38 undertaking of an urban renewal plan or urban renewal project, the

commission and all public and private officers, agencies, and bodies

have all the rights, powers, privileges, duties, and immunities that they

have with respect to a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project,

as if all of the provisions of this chapter applicable to a redevelopment



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1	plan or redevelopment project were applicable to an urban renewal
2	plan or urban renewal project.
3	(b) In addition to its other powers, the commission may also:
4	(1) make plans for carrying out a program of voluntary repair and
5	rehabilitation of buildings and improvements;
6	(2) make plans for the enforcement of laws and regulations
7	relating to the use of land and the use and occupancy of buildings
8	and improvements, and to the compulsory repair, rehabilitation,
9	demolition, or removal of buildings and improvements;
10	(3) make preliminary plans outlining urban renewal activities for
11	neighborhoods to embrace two (2) or more urban renewal areas;
12	(4) make preliminary surveys, including environmental
13	assessments, to determine if the undertaking and carrying out of
14	an urban renewal project are feasible;
15	(5) make plans for the relocation of persons (including families,
16	business concerns, and others) displaced by an urban renewal
17	project;
18	(6) make relocation payments in accordance with eligibility
19	requirements of IC 8-23-17 or the Uniform Relocation Assistance
20	and Real Property Acquisitions Policy Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C.
21	4621 et seq.) to or with respect to persons (including families,
22	business concerns, and others) displaced by an urban renewal
23	project, for moving expenses and losses of property for which
24	reimbursement or compensation is not otherwise made, including
25	the making of payments financed by the federal government; and
26	(7) develop, test, and report methods and techniques, and carry
27	out demonstrations and other activities, for the prevention and the
28	elimination of the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 in urban
29	areas.
30	SECTION 33. IC 36-7-15.1-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 23. (a) Any:
32	(1) political subdivision; or
33	(2) other governmental entity;
34	(3) public instrumentality created by state law; or
35	(4) public body created by state law;
36	may, in the area in which it is authorized to act, do all things necessary
37	to aid and cooperate in the planning and undertaking of an urban
38	renewal project, including furnishing the financial and other assistance
39	that it is authorized by this chapter to furnish for or in connection with
40	a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project.
41	(b) The commission may delegate to:
42	(1) an executive department of the consolidated city or county; or



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2	(2) another governmental entity;	
3	(3) a public instrumentality created by state law; or	
4	(4) a public body created by state law;	
5	any of the powers or functions of the commission with respect to the	
6	planning or undertaking of an urban renewal project in the area in	
7	which that department or entity is authorized to act. The department,	
8	or entity, public instrumentality, or public body may then carry out	
9	or perform those powers or functions for the commission.	
10	(c) A unit, or other another governmental entity, a public	
11	instrumentality created by state law, or a public body created by	
12	state law may enter into agreements with the commission or any other	
13	entity respecting action to be taken under this chapter, including the	
14	furnishing of funds or other assistance in connection with an urban	
15	renewal plan or urban renewal project. These agreements may extend	
16	over any period, notwithstanding any other law.	
17	SECTION 34. IC 36-7-15.1-41 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 41. (a) A political	
19	subdivision, or other another governmental entity, a public	
20	instrumentality created by state law, or a public body created by	
21	state law may, in the area in which it is authorized to act, do all things	
22	necessary to aid and cooperate in the planning and undertaking of a	
23	redevelopment or economic development project, including furnishing	
24	the financial and other assistance that it is authorized by this chapter to	_
25	furnish for or in connection with a redevelopment plan or	
26	redevelopment project.	
27	(b) A unit, or other another governmental entity, a public	
28	instrumentality created by state law, or a public body created by	Y
29	state law may enter into agreements with the commission or any other	
30	entity respecting action to be taken under this chapter, including the	
31	furnishing of funds or other assistance in connection with a	
32	redevelopment or economic development plan or project. These	

agreements may extend over any period, notwithstanding any other



33 34

law.